UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Benjamin Heyward, #165514,)	C/A No.	6:15-2302-JFA-KFM
Petitioner,)		
vs.)		ORDER
Warden, Lieber Correctional Institution,)		
Respondent.)		
	.)		

The *pro se* petitioner, Benjamin Heyward, brings this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging his 1998 state court jury conviction for kidnapping. He was sentenced to life without parole.

The Magistrate Judge assigned to this action¹ has prepared a thorough Report and Recommendation wherein he opines that the petition is successive and the petitioner has not received permission from the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals to file a successive § 2254 petition. The Magistrate Judge further notes that the petitioner has previously raised this challenge to his state conviction in *Heyward v. Bodison*, C/A No. 6:10-1112-JFA-KFM, wherein this court considered the petition on the merits and granted summary judgment to the respondent. The Report sets forth in detail the relevant facts and standards of law on this

¹ The Magistrate Judge's review is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02. The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The court is charged with making a *de novo* determination of those portions of the Report to which specific objection is made and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

matter, and the court incorporates such without a recitation.

The petitioner was advised of his right to file objections to the Report and Recommendation, which was entered on the docket on June 10, 2015. The petitioner did not respond to the Report. In the absence of specific objections to the Report of the Magistrate Judge, this court is not required to give any explanation for adopting the recommendation. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983).

As the petitioner has not received permission from the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals to file a successive § 2254 petition, this court is without authority to entertain it. 28 U.S.C. § 2244 and *United States v. Winestock*, 340 F.3d 200, 205 (4th Cir. 2003) ("In the absence of pre-filing authorization, the district court lacks jurisdiction to consider an application containing abusive or repetitive claims.")

After a careful review of the record, the applicable law, and the Report and Recommendation, the court finds that the Magistrate Judge's recommendation is proper and it is incorporated herein by reference. Accordingly, this action is dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a certificate of appealability is denied because the petitioner has failed to make "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).²

² A certificate of appealability will not issue absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2) (West 2009). A prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find both that his constitutional claims are debatable and that any dispositive procedural rulings by the district court are also debatable or wrong. *See Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); *Rose v. Lee*, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir.2001). In

6:15-cv-02302-JFA Date Filed 07/27/15 Entry Number 12 Page 3 of 3

IT IS SO ORDERED.

July 27, 2015 Columbia, South Carolina Joseph F. Anderson, Jr. United States District Judge

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the instant matter, the court finds that the petitioner has failed to make "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right."